

NO CHANGES MADE IN DISTRICT LINES

(Continued from First Page.)

effect that the change would be such gerrymandering that it would be hurtful to the party. Mr. White was afraid that the removal of Halifax and the adding on of the Ninth District counties would make the Sixth Republican. In reply to a question from Judge Williams, Mr. White admitted that he saw no political reason for not changing Halifax, but as his friends let him alone, he would like to do the same thing by them. The three counties of the Ninth would add 900 Republican votes to the Sixth.

William Watts, of Roanoke, asked him for his authority for these figures, and he said he went by results in former years, when votes were worth not more than \$2.00 each, and not by the campaign of 1910, when he was informed they brought an high as \$250. Judge Williams entered a flat denial of this.

Would Do Vain Thing. Mr. Stebbins did not believe the change would do the Ninth any good and that it would be a vain thing to make the change and thus endanger the Sixth. He thought the gerrymandering would inflame the Republicans. The Democrats, he was confident, could carry the Fifth without Halifax, which itself has a latent Republican vote which would be aroused. The levelling of Republicanism might speedily leave the whole lump.

The Stebbins resolution was put to vote and carried, which ended the whole matter.

Before the caucus was really begun some members tried to have an executive session. W. T. Oliver thought it best for the party that its proceedings be not published to the world. Mr. White would exclude all save members and representatives of the press. Robinson Monroe had a substitute that newspaper men remain, but not be permitted to print anything save the results. Harry R. Houston and Judge Martin Williams wanted everything open and free to the world, and said the caucus should do nothing it would be afraid to own. Mr. Houston said the caucus had not gathered "to do a dark deed in a dark alley."

William Bullitt Fitzhugh vigorously championed the reporters, saying they are the best friends of the General Assembly and that they were entitled to every consideration by the caucus. His speech seemed to clinch matters, for the motion to proceed in open session was carried by a vote of 43 to 6.

HOUSE

The Speaker laid before the House, at the beginning of yesterday's session, the joint resolution adopted by the Senate, authorizing the printing of 1,000 copies of the report of the commission which presented the bronze statue of the House of Representatives from the Commonwealth of Virginia to the republic of France. It was to be illustrated.

Mr. Gilliam opposed the expense. It was learned that no special appropriation could be required, since the amount would be paid by the printing fund. The Petersburg man reiterated his opposition "to the laudation of any person at the public cost." Mr. Coleman, of Norfolk, agreed. He said that history fully takes care of the man which France played in the Revolutionary War. The Governor might, under this resolution, go to any cost.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Finance, with a request for the report on the probable cost.

School Book Adoption.

Mr. Bell renewed pressure of his resolution, offered by himself and Speaker Byrd on Monday, directing the State Board of Education to follow the single school book list. Dr. H. C. Stephenson spoke again of the other bill which had been before the House, and Mr. Bell explained that it was dead. Chairman Oliver, of the Committee on Schools and Colleges, said the Attorney-General believed the bill was unconstitutional, and this resolution had been agreed upon in lieu thereof.

Dr. Stephenson proposed an amendment urging the board to arrange matters, if practicable, so that all books, grammar and high school, be adopted at the same time. Mr. Oliver thought this would change the agreement between all parties, but the amendment was agreed to and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Montague offered a resolution that the Superintendent of Public Instruction should deliver to Julian T. Christian, member of the House of Delegates, copies of all papers in reference to the selection of school trustees in Mathews county during the past year. It was explained that Mr.

Best Evidence of Its Great Virtue

Several Hundred Richmond People Attended Big Meeting

The best evidence in the world that a medicine is all that is claimed of it is what people who have actually tested it have to say.

Yesterday several hundred people were treated to the "five-minute" demonstration with "Tona Vita," the new tonic that is accomplishing such remarkable results in this city. The modern test method was applied in each case with astonishing success. When asked what effect the medicine had some of the replies were as follows:

B. Bryan, 1409 East Main Street, city, said: "I have been all run down with nervous debility and stomach trouble for some time. I took a five-minute treatment of 'Tona Vita,' and felt the good results almost immediately."

Polk Miller Drug Co., 314 East Main Street, is the headquarters for this tonic here, and the specialists are always on hand between the hours of 9 A. M. and 8 P. M. to explain the nature of the remarkable new remedy.

These specialists claim that a large percentage of the population, especially among the city people, are effected by nervous debility. One of the specialists said today in discussing the matter: "The symptoms of nervous debility are unmistakable to those who know how to prevent this trouble is. A tired, dragging feeling of the body, a sluggish mind and dull memory, depression of spirits, nervousness, stomach trouble, weak back, cold feet, headache and bowel trouble. These are sure indications of nervous debility."

"Tona Vita" will positively remove this condition. If it doesn't the trial cost nothing, as the tonic must do the work or we don't want the money for it. We believe we have a preparation that is worth its weight in gold to the man or woman afflicted with nervous debility.

While we are meeting callers now each day, and hundreds of debilitated people are regaining their health through our medicine, there are thousands more whom we want to reach before we leave. If all the men and women who are struggling along depressed in mind and body by nervous debility would only take the trouble and time to come in and talk to us we would bring a tremendous amount of happiness to the people of this city. There is little real pleasure in life for an individual who feels continually worn out. Positively the very first dose of our tonic benefits a man or woman in this condition.

Yesterday and today continued to bring more splendid reports to Polk Miller drug store.

Eggleston desired the request to come in this form. It was agreed to.

The special order for the Jordan prohibition bill then came up.

SENATE

The Early-Rison co-ordinate college bill overshadowed everything else in the Senate yesterday, and when late in the session the bill was defeated by a vote of 29 to 14, the members were too weary in spirit to take up new business and adjourned. The only other business transacted was the passing of a resolution offered by Senator Folke directing the clerk of the Senate to have printed for the use of the Senate all matters concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors as they appear in the debates of the Constitutional Convention of 1902, in the volumes of the journal of that convention.

Lieutenant-Governor J. Taylor Ellyson called the upper House to order at noon, and following the routine reading of the House Journal, called for reports from the standing committees.

The chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections reported the Stephenson anti-gambling bill with the recommendation that his committee be discharged from further consideration of the bill, and that it be referred to the Committee on General Laws. Upon motion it was so ordered.

Enabling Act Monday Night.

The Senate bill providing for the submission to the people of the question of State-wide prohibition, it was announced by the chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, has been set for a public hearing on the evening of February 26.

The hearing will take place in the Senate Chamber.

Upon motion it was ordered that the Byrd-Featherston primary bill, which was reported by the same committee, be printed for the use of the Senators, to enable them to familiar-

LEGISLATIVE COMMENT

By LEWIS H. MACHEN

WOMEN AND CHILD LABOR

Two of the most interesting bills, from the standpoint of the sociologist, now pending in the Legislature, are the Byrd bill, regarding the hours of labor of women in workshops, laundries and mercantile establishments, and the Byrd child labor bill, both of which have been engrossed and are now on the calendar of the House of Delegates in their third reading.

Amendments to both bills were adopted by the House, exempting canneries from their operation, and also exempting mercantile establishments in country districts and in towns of less than 2,000 inhabitants. Both bills are amendatory of existing statutes—the Byrd measure of the act approved March 4, 1910, and the Byrd bill of the act approved March 13, 1908.

If the Byrd bill becomes a law the situation will be as follows: No child under the age of fourteen years can work as an operative in any factory, workshop, laundry, mercantile or manufacturing establishment in this State (with the exceptions stated) more than ten hours in any one day of twenty-four hours, and any contract for longer hours will be void, and the employer will be subject to a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$20.

The overworking of women in the lines of employment indicated has been found to be seriously affecting their health, and that of their offspring, that the Legislatures of many of the States now consider that it is against public policy.

The Byrd child labor bill marks a distinct advance in the protection of the health and morals of children employed in the like pursuits, and curtails their employment, under certain conditions, not hitherto dealt with by our statutes. Under the new law, no child under the age of fourteen may be employed or permitted to work in any factory, workshop, mercantile establishment, laundry, bakery, brick or lumber yard, or in the distribution or transmission, or sale of merchandise. Under the bill, no child under the age of sixteen years shall be employed, or permitted to work, in any such institutions for more than six days in any one week, nor more than ten hours in any one day, nor after 9 o'clock in the morning, nor after 9 o'clock at night.

In cities of 5,000 inhabitants or more no child under the age of fourteen can work as a messenger, by telegraph, telephone or messenger companies in the distribution, transmission or delivery of goods or messages; and no child under eighteen years of age can work at such occupations between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 5 o'clock in the evening.

The chief reason for preventing the labor of children at night is because it deprives them of their natural rest and gets them accustomed to irregular hours of life, which have a tendency to undermine their health during the period of greatest physical development.

The objection to their being employed in messenger service and the like is that they are too often sent to places which it is improper for them to visit, and put into contact with vicious persons, likely to impair their morals at an impressionable time of life. It has been stated on good authority that the bill will tend to make them more self-reliant and to make them more capable of doing good.

The matter reached a vote yesterday, and the resolution calling for an investigation of the office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, which was reported by the Committee on Public Institutions and Education with the recommendation that the Senate refuse to concur in it, was submitted to a vote and overwhelmingly rejected by the vote of 23 to 5.

Fight on Folke's Resolution.

The preliminary skirmish of the prohibition fight in the Senate began immediately upon the introduction of the Folke resolution, which reads as follows:

"Resolved by the Senate, That the clerk of the Senate is directed to compile and have printed all matters concerning the sale of intoxicating liquors as they appear in the debates of the Constitutional Convention of 1902, in Volumes 1 and 2 of the journal of said convention."

The clerk is directed to supervise and have this work done at the earliest possible moment, so that the members of the Senate can ascertain the reasons why the members of the said convention rejected the various propositions on the liquor questions, the reasons why they adopted section 62 of the Constitution, the reasons given for not submitting the liquor question to the people, in relation to the suffrage question, and the reasons why they left the matter in the jurisdiction of the General Assembly, and that these reasons and views, given by the great lawyers and members of the

Assembly, be made available to the members of the Senate.

It is hoped and believed that both of these measures will pass the House, and that they will receive favorable action by the Senate. Nothing could be more important than the protection of the health and morals of the working children of the Commonwealth.

Constitutional Convention, may be arranged for the members of the Senate for their guidance on the proposition as to whether the Senate has the right and power to delegate authority to the General Assembly to make the laws on the liquor question to the people of the State at the polls, and to declare upon the results of said vote had at the polls, as to whether the proposition voted upon shall be a law.

Opposed by Senator Walker.

Senator Walker opened the attack on the resolution with a motion that it be referred to the Committee on Finance, since it carried an appropriation. He saw no reason why the State should go the expense of reprinting speeches and arguments which were readily accessible in the bound volumes containing the reports of the Constitutional Convention. Any Senator who is interested in the question of liquor further enlightenment on the debates which were held as to the constitutionality of the enabling act, argued Senator Walker, could easily find all the literature he wanted in the record. Only a few of the Senators, he thought, needed this help for a correct understanding of the question, and very few would read the debates after they were printed in the form demanded by the resolution.

"I expected that the Senator from Northampton would use every effort to come up with a resolution on the question," said Senator Folke, rising to a defense of his resolution, "and I am not surprised that he wants to consign it to a committee." The expense involved, he said, would be less than the cost of printing the House calendar and the House Journal. This, he thought, was a mere bagatelle when compared with the \$500,000 of public revenue which was at stake upon the solution of the question. It was impossible to find the speeches bearing upon the subject without much trouble, he contended, and they were scattered everywhere through three volumes.

West Calls It a Joke.

Senator West doubted the seriousness of the Senator from Richmond in introducing such a resolution, and called it a joke. He said that he was taking up the time which ought to be spent in the consideration and disposal of the co-ordinate college bill, which was being delayed by the debate on the pending resolution. It was wholly unnecessary, he said, and was not justified by any rule in the Constitution or Senate practice.

The motion to refer the resolution to the committee was then put and defeated by the vote of 22 to 10. It was followed immediately by a motion to adopt it, which was carried by the vote of 20 to 11. All of the Senators voting alike on both resolutions. With eight Senators not registered, there were still many on the floor who were inclined to look upon the vote on the Folke resolution as an indication of the line-up of the wet and dry forces in the Senate. Such a conjecture, however, was hardly to be supported, since more than one dry Senator, it was noted, voted for the resolution, presumably for reasons of further information.

"Joke" Well Supported.

Upon the announcement of the vote by the chair, Senator Folke spoke to a point of personal privilege touching Senator West's characterization of his resolution as a "joke." "I hope," he said, "that very soon I shall have occasion to spring upon the Senate of Virginia between now and the close of the session, or during future sessions,

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shall meet with the overwhelming support which was given to this one."

At 12:45 the Senate took up the consideration of the Early-Rison woman's college bill, which was a special and continuing order, disposing of it at 1:45, when adjournment was taken.

SENATE BILLS

By Mr. Edmundson: A bill authorizing the Board of Supervisors of the several counties of the State of Virginia to appropriate money to defray the expenses of such indigent Confederate veterans of the counties of the State desiring to attend the celebration of the battle of Gettysburg, Pa., on the 1st, 2d and 3d of July, 1912. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Edmundson: A bill to amend and reenact an act entitled an act to continue in force and amend appropriate the \$10,000 heretofore appropriated by an act approved March 5, 1909, entitled an act to make an appropriation to provide for the creation of a monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa., to commemorate the services of the Virginia troops in the battle on that field, the part thereof having been expended up to that time; also to approve the design of the monument selected by the committee appointed under said act of March 5, 1909, and to provide for the erection of the monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa., to commemorate the services of the Virginia troops in the battle on that field, the part thereof having been expended up to that time; also to approve the design of the monument selected by the committee appointed under said act of March 5, 1909, and to provide for the erection of the monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa., to commemorate the services of the Virginia troops in the battle on that field, the part thereof having been expended up to that time; 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